

Executive

As Passed by the House

As Passed by the Senate

As Enacted

PUCCD3 Consumer rights regarding electric usage data

No provision.	<p>R.C. 4928.02</p> <p>Adds to the competitive retail electric service policy of the state that it 1) encourages cost-effective, timely, and efficient access to and sharing of customer usage data with customers and suppliers, and 2) seeks to ensure that a customer's data is provided in a standardized format and provided to third parties approximately in real time in order to spur investment and improve energy options of customers.</p> <p>Fiscal effect: None.</p>	No provision.	<p>R.C. 4928.02</p> <p>Same as the House.</p>
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PUCCD2 Electric utility significantly excessive earnings

No provision.	<p>R.C. 4928.143</p> <p>Specifies that, where current law requires the Public Utilities Commission (PUCO) to determine whether an electric distribution utility had or is likely to have significantly excessive earnings, for affiliated utilities that operate under a joint electric security plan, the total of the utilities' earned return on common equity must be used. Permits the PUCO, in making such a determination, to consider the revenue, expenses, or earnings of any affiliate that is an Ohio electric distribution utility.</p>	<p>R.C. 4928.143</p> <p>Same as the House.</p>	<p>R.C. 4928.143</p> <p>Same as the House.</p>
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Fiscal effect: No direct fiscal effect

Fiscal effect: Same as the House.

Fiscal effect: Same as the House.

PUCCD4 Biologically derived methane

No provision.

No provision.

R.C. 4929.18

Provides that a natural gas company's property, equipment, or facilities that enable either 1) interconnection with or receipt from any property, equipment, or facilities used to generate, collect, gather or transport biologically derived methane gas, or 2) the supply of biologically derived methane gas to consumers within Ohio, may be treated as instrumentalities and facilities for distribution service if PUCO determines that treatment is just and reasonable. Provides that, if PUCO makes that treatment determination, the property, equipment, or facilities shall be considered used and useful in providing public utility service.

Fiscal effect: Potential increase in natural gas distribution rates paid by ratepayers, so potential increase in costs to the state and local governments served by natural gas companies that employ such facilities.

R.C. 4929.18

Same as the Senate.

Fiscal effect: Same as the Senate.

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PUCCD1 Nuclear electric facility assessment**R.C. 4937.05, 4937.01**

Attempts to maintain the Utility Radiological Safety Board's (URSB) ability to make assessments against nuclear electric utilities after they stop producing electricity, by granting URSB authority to make assessments against those utilities based upon the utility decommissioning budgets.

Adds to the definition of "nuclear electric utility" under URSB law persons engaged in the storage of spent nuclear fuel arising from the production of electricity using nuclear energy.

Fiscal effect: Attempts to keep the URSB funded up to a maximum annual level of \$2.9 million, as specified in Section 514.10 of the bill, but actual outcomes will depend on whether the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission regards URSB funding as an allowable use of nuclear decommissioning trust fund assets. The provision is only applicable if one or both of Ohio's two nuclear electric facilities ceases operations. FirstEnergy previously announced its Davis-Besse Nuclear Power Station in Oak Harbor will close by May 31, 2020, and its Perry Nuclear Power Plant in Perry will close by May 31, 2021.

R.C. 4937.05, 4937.01

Same as the Executive.

Same as the Executive.

Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

R.C. 4937.05, 4937.01

Same as the Executive.

Same as the Executive.

Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

R.C. 4937.05, 4937.01

Same as the Executive.

Same as the Executive.

Fiscal effect: Same as the Executive.

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OBMCD58 Utility Radiological Safety Board assessments**Section: 514.10**

Specifies the maximum amounts, unless the agency and nuclear electric utility mutually agree to a higher amount by contract, that may be assessed against nuclear electric utilities under RC 4937.05 (B) (2) and deposited into the following funds:

\$97,610 in FY 2020 and \$101,130 in FY 2021 to the Utility Radiological Safety Fund (Fund 4E40) used by the Department of Agriculture;

\$1,300,000 in each of FY 2020 and FY 2021 to the Radiation Emergency Response Fund (Fund 6100) used by the Department of Health;

\$276,500 in FY 2020 and \$278,500 in FY 2021 to the ER Radiological Safety Fund (Fund 6440) used by the Environmental Protection Agency; and

\$1,258,624 in each of FY 2020 and FY 2021 to the Emergency Response Plan Fund (Fund 6570) used by the Department of Public Safety.

Section: 514.10

Same as the Executive.

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JCRCD4 Agency rule review for regulatory restrictions			
No provision.	No provision.	Section: 121.95 Requires certain agencies to identify which of their rules contain regulatory restrictions and to produce an inventory of regulatory restrictions before December 31, 2019.	Section: 121.95 Same as the Senate.
No provision.	No provision.	Requires these agencies to post the inventory on their websites and transmit copies to JCARR. Requires JCARR to review the inventory and transmit it to the House Speaker and Senate President.	Same as the Senate.
No provision.	No provision.	Prohibits these agencies, during FYs 2020, 2021, 2022, and 2023, from adopting a new regulatory restriction unless they simultaneously remove two or more existing regulatory restrictions. Fiscal effect: Affected state agencies will incur administrative costs to develop and post the inventory and potentially to revise rules to comply with the limitations on regulatory restrictions. JCARR will incur administrative costs to review the inventories.	Same as the Senate. Fiscal effect: Same as the Senate.